



ALEXANDRIA, VA. THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 24.

MR. PARSONS has written another letter. To it he says General Mahone's assigned reasons for prohibiting the running of republican candidates for the legislature this fall cannot be sustained, and which, "if believed, would stop every republican of the North from investing another dollar in a State in which he could not come and exercise the full rights of citizenship." Mr. Parsons is right; but might, and not right, is the governing principle of the party to which he belongs. His protest against Mahone's rule in the republican party in Virginia will amount to nothing. If he were a wise man he would know this as well as everybody else does. The only way by which the republicans who are opposed to General Mahone's famous "methods" and "malign influence" can "down" the General, and keep him down, is to vote with the democrats against him and his candidates on each and every occasion, and make the majorities against them so large that the republican administration at Washington will at last be convinced that he is the party's "Old Man of the Sea," and that it will never succeed as long as he shall be treated as its recognized head and front. It always has been, is now and ever will be, time, labor and money thrown away to fight the General in his own party, as long as its present organization shall continue, as that organization will be perpetual while the party, as a party, shall exist, for not only has he the appointment of the county superintendents, against whose decisions there is no appeal, but President Harrison himself has told the "kickers" that republicans have no use for such cattle.

THOUGH MOST of the democratic members of the last Congress voted for free silver coinage, it is a well known fact that many of them did so, not because they believed that such coinage is advisable, but because they thought their constituents favored it, and that therefore the scheme might as well be tried. In this view of the case Mr. Mills may have shown his wisdom in assigning a minor place to the silver bill in his discussion of the issues of the coming elections. There are many democratic members of the next U. S. House of Representatives who thoroughly agree with Mr. Mills in his tariff ideas, but who see no good and much harm in free silver coinage—enough possibly to secure him the nomination for Speaker, especially as in caucus there are no recorded votes.

AS THE tin dealers of this country imported enough tin to last them for years, before the date at which the tariff that raised the price of tin went into operation, so the cattle dealers, who export cattle to Mexico, are now rushing as much as possible of their stock into that country before the date at which the new Mexican tariff on cattle shall go into effect. The Mexican tariff is an avowed retaliatory measure for the McKinley bill, which cuts and slashes the people of this country in every conceivable way. No wonder Mr. Mills says the silver question is of comparative insignificance compared with the tariff.

PRESIDENT HARRISON says the emancipation proclamation "placed a halo of immortality upon the fame of Abraham Lincoln." Halos have been placed upon the fame of many men, though those men were not aware that they had ever done any thing to deserve them; and nothing is better known than the fact that Mr. Lincoln would cheerfully have done without his, could he have preserved the Union without issuing the proclamation referred to, for that fact is proved by his own letters, signed by his own hand.

THE Baltimore Sun, in referring to the enormous pension appropriations, says: "They show the gratitude of the politicians and pension attorneys to the two millions of men who were engaged at various times during four years in fighting 600,000." According to the reports of the War and Navy Departments, three, not two, million men were engaged on the federal side in the war between the States, but no mortal soul has ever yet been able to show that the Confederates had as many as six hundred thousand.

THE Georgia legislature, in which the Farmers' Alliance members have a large majority, yesterday defeated, by a decisive vote, a resolution endorsing the Ocala platform. The wisest members of the Alliance all over the country, now that they have had time to consider the platform referred to, recognize its lack of wisdom. Why, even Mr. Jerry Simpson himself, says he will confine himself to the tariff in his speeches hereafter.

NOTHING is more common in the proceedings of labor meetings in the North than denunciations of trusts. And yet many of the men who endorse these just denunciations vote for republican congressmen who support high tariff bills, by whose operation alone trusts are, or could be sustained. But labor meetings are by no means the only ones at which lack of understanding is manifested.

Ex-Governor Albert P. Marshall, of Wisconsin, committed suicide in Marysville, Mo., yesterday by cutting his throat with a common pocket-knife. Several weeks ago the Governor was violently overheated while driving cattle and has been in a very nervous condition since. At times he has been delirious and much depressed. He was fifty-six years old.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 24, 1891.

MR. PARSONS has written to his office here to the effect that he hears Gen. Mahone is already at work to pack the State republican convention at Roanoke, on the 1st proximo, which he, Parsons, has called, so as to take possession of it and have it endorse his, Mahone's, course, but that he, Parsons, will do all he can to prevent such an ending of so worthy a movement as he has set on foot.

Mr. Winship of Georgetown, who is largely interested in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, told the GAZETTE's correspondent to-day that the engineer in charge of the repairs to that canal had turned the work, as completed, over to him two months ago, but that ever since there had been nothing done but turning the water on and off. But that, he said, was owing to breaks in the old, not in the new work, and could not have been prevented until discovered by the full head of water. He said the boats which have arrived at Georgetown were this side of the late breaks when the latter occurred, but that the engineers informed him that those breaks would be repaired by the last of this week or the first of next, and that then there would be free and uninterrupted navigation all the way from here to Cumberland. Mr. Winship says about three hundred thousand dollars have been expended on the repair and equipment of the canal, and that the parties who have invested that much money in it are not going to let it be lost, if such loss can possibly be avoided.

A delegation, headed by Mr. E. M. Lowe, now of this city, called upon the Health Officer here yesterday and requested him to appoint a Mr. Ball of Fairfax, a republican, to a position in the health department.

The directors and stockholders of the Virginia Mining and Manufacturing Company went over to Alexandria to-day to hold their annual meeting. Mr. Boyd Smith, formerly of Alexandria, is the president of this company, the mines of which are located in Nelson and Amherst counties, Virginia, where it is to manufacture phosphate.

An Alexandria merchant, here to-day, says the wholesale grocery business of this city this year is larger than it ever was even in the prosperous times before the war, and that its wholesale drug and china business has also increased largely. He said this was well known in Baltimore, with the business of which in the trades referred to Alexandria had out into considerably. The reason of this, he said, were plain; cheaper warehouses and cheaper rents, discounts for cash payments, saving in handling and cheaper living. He said that a start in the wholesale boot and shoe, hat, dry goods, and hardware trades would be equally as successful if made by active and enterprising men, and that country merchants who bought groceries, medicines and chinaware in Alexandria, would like to lay in their whole stocks there if they could do so on as favorable terms.

Among the Virginians who have called upon President Harrison this week are Judge John T. Harris, Judge Paul and ex-Congressman Bowden, the latter calling to-day. He says the report that he is going to speak to a Virginia republican association here in explanation of the stand he occupies in the Mahone-Parsons contest is entirely incorrect.

The following is the only change that was made in the fourth-class postoffice of Virginia to-day: Payne's, Fluvanna county, W. T. McFall, vice L. Fensom, resigned.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Russia is ordering troops towards the border of Germany in great masses, and instructions are given to augment the navy with transports.

Bishop Hurst has issued a lengthy circular in behalf of the great Methodist University. He asks a contribution of ten million dollars.

Prof. Wieschled, of Leipzig, belonging to a noted Catholic family, has announced his conversion to Protestantism because of his disbelief in the authenticity of the holy cross.

The Illinois democratic State central committee met at Chicago yesterday and endorsed Congressman W. M. Springer's candidacy for the speakership in the next Congress.

M. J. O'Brien, the recent supreme treasurer of Catholic Knights of America, whose shortage is within a few dollars of \$76,000, makes a proposition of settlement. He offers \$5,000 cash and semi annual payments of \$5,000.

Rev. P. J. Donahue, chancellor of the Archdiocese of Baltimore, has been appointed rector of the Cathedral to succeed Rev. Thomas S. Lee, who has been selected to succeed Dr. Chapelle as rector of St. Matthew's Church, Washington.

The chairman of the Ohio republican and democratic State committees have arranged for a joint debate between Major McKinley and Governor Campbell, which will take place at Ada October 8. Campbell will make the opening and the closing of the debate.

In the fight in San Francisco last night between Jonathan Hergel known as "Young Mitchell," and "Reddy" Gallagher, the Danversite, Gallagher was knocked out in the 13th round by a blow on the point of the jaw. About \$65,000 changed hands on the result.

The German Catholic Congress at Buffalo yesterday adopted resolutions declaring for the temporal power of the Pope, protesting against interference with the parochial schools, and demanding the right to retain the German mother tongue, together with the language of the country.

It is now said that the rush to the land in the Oklahoma thrown open on Tuesday, was not accompanied by a single killing. The negro colonists were not very successful in the rush. A few of them got good claims, but in the majority of cases a white man will contest the claim. Three or four negroes would settle on a claim and will prove up forty acres each, but the white men all want 160.

President Harrison has pardoned Robert Sigel, son of Gen. Franz Sigel, undergoing sentence of imprisonment for forgery of pension certificates. The pardon was granted because of the illness of the prisoner. In view of the fact that the prisoner is in the last stages of tuberculosis, the President has also pardoned "Jim," an Alaskan Indian, sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in the State of Washington for manslaughter.

Rev. Howard MacQuay, the suspended Episcopal clergyman at Canton, Ohio, yesterday forwarded a letter to Bishop Leonard, of Cleveland, announcing his withdrawal from the Episcopal ministry. He states as his reason that he cannot conscientiously retract the statements made. He has accepted a call as pastor of the First Universalist Church at Saginaw, Mich., and will begin his work there a week from next Sunday.

MRS. VIRGINIA DIMITRY RUTH died Tuesday on the plantation of her son-in-law, Col. Orenco Bayou, Louisiana. She was born in Washington in 1837, and was a daughter of the late Prof. Alexander Dimitry, once a famous linguist, educator, and diplomat, and a sister of John and Charles Dimitry (formerly a resident of Alexandria), both well-known writers. She married Enoch Kenwick Ruth, who commanded an Arkansas company in the Mexican war. Mrs. Ruth was a contributor to Southern literature in prose and verse, and for many years kept a flourishing school for boys and girls.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The diamond drill to be used in prospecting for coal and other minerals near Haymarket has been purchased and is being placed in position.

S. J. Johnston on Tuesday sold his farm, "Sunny Side," adjoining the fair grounds near Leesburg, containing 158 acres, to Chas. A. Elmore for \$6,500.

The democrats of Fauquier have nominated Mr. T. C. Pileber for the House of Delegates. The joint convention of Loudoun and Fauquier counties to nominate a federal candidate for the House of Delegates will be held in Middleburg on Saturday.

A very immoral case of affairs is reported to be existing in and bordering that section of Fauquier county known as the "Free State." It is said there are many instances where young people are living together without having gone through the marriage ceremony, and that their number has increased of late.

The five negro men confined in jail at Staunton, charged with shooting and killing James F. Latta on the night of the 19th inst., were taken to Charlottesville yesterday by the sheriff of Augusta county and put in jail for safe keeping. The sheriff got away that a mob was gathering for the purpose of lynching them, when he secretly took them out of the city.

Two colored boys about nine years old each, named Rodrick Ferguson and Elias Ward, had a dispute near Montague's, in Richmond county, over the title to a chinquapin tree last Sunday. Ward sent his sister to the house for a gun, and when she returned Ward walked up to Ferguson, placed the gun against his breast and fired, killing him instantly and firing his clothes.

In Shenandoah county 33 stills are busy converting apple juice into brandy. The adjoining county of Page, though much smaller than this, has 57 stills in active operation. The counties of Warren, Rookingham and Frederick, all in the same district, have many stills turning out large quantities of apple brandy daily. Though the tax is 90 cents per gallon, good apple brandy can be bought for about \$1.25 per gallon.

Her Dead Father's Face.

I stood alone, looking at the unconscious face before me, which was distinctly visible, though the light was heavily shaded to keep the glare from the dying eyes, says a writer in the Arena. All her life my friend had been a Christian believer, with an unwavering faith in a life beyond this, and for her sake a bitter grief came upon me, because, so far as I could see, there was no ground for that belief. I thought I could more easily let her go into the unknown if I could but feel that her hope would be realized, and I put into words this feeling.

I pondered that if there were any of her own departed ones present at this supreme moment could they not and would they not give me some least sign that such was a fact, and I would be content. Slowly over the dying one's face spread a mellow radiant smile—I know no other way to describe it. In a few moments it covered the dying one's face as with a veil, and spread in a circle of about a foot beyond over the pillow, the strange yellow white light, all more distinct from the partial darkness of the room. Then from the center of this immediately over the hidden face, appeared an apparently living face with smiling eyes, which looked directly into mine, gazing at me with a look so full of comforting assurance that I could scarcely feel frightened. But it was so real and so strange that I wondered if I were temporarily crazed, and as it disappeared I called a watcher from another room and went out into the open air for a few moments to recover myself under the midnight stars. When I was sure of myself I returned and took my place again alone. Then I asked that, if that appearance was real and not a hallucination, would it make itself once more manifest to me; and again the phenomena was repeated, and the kind, smiling face looked up to me—a face new to me but wondrously familiar. Afterward I recalled my friend's frequent description of her dead father whom she dearly loved, but whom I had never seen, and I could not help the impression that it was his face I saw the hour that his daughter died.

The Alliance.

The legislative council of the Virginia Farmers' Alliance was in session in Richmond yesterday considering the lecture system. Mr. Mann Page, president of the State Alliance, says "the only issue which the alliance is making is for a railroad commission and a law for the extermination of trusts and combines in Virginia."

In regard to the approaching election Mr. Page says:

"National issues have nothing whatever to do with this contest, and if there is any opposition in the alliance to the reelection of Senator Daniel I am not aware of it."

Speaking for himself, he said he is a democrat, and when alliance men all over the State have written to him asking what course they should pursue in this canvass he has invariably told them he had no control over their actions, as every man in the order is free to vote as he pleases. But as for himself he was going to vote to send a democratic alliance man to the legislature.

A Card.

To the Editor of the Alexandria Gazette:

The item in the GAZETTE of Sept. 19th in relation to another fort on the Potomac, in as much as it refers to me, is not correct. The government is not negotiating for the purchase of my farm at Sheridan's Point. The frequent threats, during a year or so, of Col. E. C. Hains to condemn it, and such items as that in the GAZETTE, are more or less damaging to me. I let my land to be worked on shares; no one will hire for so short a time as one year. The time of a tenant I now have expires at the end of the year. These threats and reports had caused him to commence negotiations for another farm. My farm is a long, narrow strip fronting on the bend of the Potomac river at Sheridan's Point, directly opposite Fort Washington. I have a beautiful Meas land along the front. The farm is well fenced and stocked with valuable fruit. I once offered the property to Col. Hains at \$100 per acre. He offered me \$65, the price which, report says, he paid for some back of me with narrow frontage on the river below me and beyond the bend. I cast my lot here 11 years ago, and would much prefer to spend the remainder of my days here than to be driven out. Very respectfully,

JULIUS FELTON.

Sheridan's Point, Va., Sept. 23.

BARN BURNED.—The barn on the farm of Mr. L. F. Nelson, Jr., near Warrenton, was burned Saturday last, some of the laborers had to sleep in the barn for want of room elsewhere, and there being a considerable amount of farm products in the barn, the tenant, Mr. W. J. Green, took the precaution to lock them in at night. Saturday night about 11 o'clock he heard a great roar and then heard the negroes screaming and yelling to be let out. On their property the barn was discovered to be on fire. Hastily Mr. Green undid the doors and let the inmates out, but the barn was destroyed and with it thirty-eight bushels of wheat, thirty bushels of oats, six tons of guano, a new mow and rake, besides many other farming utensils. The men who slept in the barn have been arrested on suspicion and were lodged in the county jail Sunday evening. It is understood there was no insurance.—Warrenton Virginian.

Tries to Escape on a Bicycle.

The young King of Annam, says a Paris dispatch to the New York World, has caused a sensation in Algeria which will result in the adventurous youth being sent almost immediately under a strong guard from his pleasant quarters near Algiers to M. Labat. The King, who has really been in custody in Algiers for three years past, is the victim of a love affair which will have a very prejudicial effect upon his future comfort. Although nominally a prisoner, he lived at the villa called Des Pins, in the village of El Dillor, about a mile and a half from Algiers, and has practically had unrestrained liberty. He was not allowed to receive visitors, indeed, but he was put upon his own actions, and it is out of this liberty that all the trouble has grown.

The King is a good-looking young man of 23, wears European clothes, plays the piano and rides a bicycle. His attendants report that of late his bicycle has carried him in the direction of Algiers almost every night, whence his Majesty did not return until the early morning. The authorities decided to investigate the case, and discovered not only a romantic love affair, but a plan of escape from Algiers, which was actually to have taken place the very night following its discovery. The whole thing had been worked out by the young woman in the case, and she was promptly arrested. The King has been deprived of his bicycle, and has since been a close prisoner in the villa. An official order has been received to transfer him to M. Labat, near Fréjus, in which case the King will be most closely watched, as it is considered a matter of the highest importance to prevent his return to Annam.

The Pomological Association.

At the meeting of the American Pomological Association in Washington yesterday D. W. Adams, of Florida, read a paper on "Pruning." Mr. Adams referred to pruning as a sort of hereditary error. Our present system of pruning proves that we believe in the total depravity of all fruit, and that the only way it can be saved is by means of wholesale butchery. The first and direct result of cutting any tree, he said, was to do it a permanent and irreparable injury. Pruning for a growth is a myth, and those who do it are following the ancient idea that all the nourishment of a tree comes through root, ignoring the fact that most of the tree's nutrition comes from the leaves. To remove a branch is to do the tree more harm than to cut it off. Pruning causes a tree to bear simply because it impairs the vitality of the tree itself. Pruning lays a tree open to all sorts of diseases and is a defiance to all the laws of nature. The troubles that trees suffer from insects and diseases are more than all else in pruning. Pruning a tree is like cutting a man's arm off above the elbow.

At the conclusion of his paper Mr. Adams was called upon to answer a number of questions that were aroused by his attack upon the system of pruning. He was asked if he had a barren orchard that he knew would be improved by pruning, whether or not he would use the knife. He said he would if he was sure that pruning would cause fruitfulness, but he would want very good proof of this before he would cut. He did not wish to be understood as saying that there might not be advantages resulting from pruning that would overbalance the disadvantages, and when such was the case he would recommend pruning, but he would not advise a man to use the knife. He said that cutting a tree hurts it. He had never seen a pruning knife that would make as neat a cut as nature does, nor a cut that heals as well.

From China.

The steamer Empress of China has arrived at Vancouver, B. C., from Hong Kong and brought reports of a riot at Ichang on September 2. All the foreign property was burned. No lives were lost. Foreign residents are under arms.

A few cases of cholera have appeared in Kiobe, Japan, and a general outbreak is feared. Twelve cases are reported at Yamaqui Chi, with four deaths.

A landslide near Tojoro, September 2, buried twenty workmen; four perished. In Oita prefecture, Japan, 3,000 cases of dysentery are reported, with 700 deaths.

During the celebration of the feast of Lanterns, at Koketcho, Akita prefecture, a bridge fell owing to the pressure of the throng, and more than one hundred persons were precipitated into the water. Over twenty were injured and several lives were lost.

A RAPID-FIRING GUN.—The Ordnance Bureau of the navy has succeeded in producing the most rapid-firing guns in the world. The Dashiell four inch gun was recently tested at the Indian Head proving-grounds with the service charge of brown powder, firing in salvos of five rounds. The first five were fired in twenty-six seconds, the second in twenty-two seconds, and the third in seventeen seconds. The first of the ten inch guns for the coast-defense vessel Monterey was also tested with very satisfactory results. The gun, fitted with the Dashiell breech mechanism, which was designed by the Ordnance Bureau, differs materially from the type selected for the Miantonomah, and with slight alterations may be regarded as ready for service.

The Ocala resolutions were defeated by the Georgia Legislature.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—In the stock market this morning there were material losses in a few of the leading shares, while the general list was firmly held and the losses afterward recovered. The market opened feverish and irregular, but the trading in the general list was moderate. At 11 o'clock the market was active and weak at the lowest prices reached.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 24.—Virginia consols — do 10-40½ — do 3s 64 31d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, Sept. 24.—The market to-day was quiet, with light offerings. There is no change in prices and we quote: Wheat 70s 102 for common to choice; Corn 62½; Eye 60s 85; Oats 30s 35.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 24.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat No. 2 red spot and the spot at 102½; No. 2 red at 102; No. 2 red at 101; No. 2 red at 100; No. 2 red at 99; No. 2 red at 98; No. 2 red at 97; No. 2 red at 96; No. 2 red at 95; No. 2 red at 94; No. 2 red at 93; No. 2 red at 92; No. 2 red at 91; No. 2 red at 90; No. 2 red at 89; No. 2 red at 88; No. 2 red at 87; No. 2 red at 86; No. 2 red at 85; No. 2 red at 84; No. 2 red at 83; No. 2 red at 82; No. 2 red at 81; No. 2 red at 80; No. 2 red at 79; No. 2 red at 78; No. 2 red at 77; No. 2 red at 76; No. 2 red at 75; No. 2 red at 74; No. 2 red at 73; No. 2 red at 72; No. 2 red at 71; No. 2 red at 70; No. 2 red at 69; No. 2 red at 68; No. 2 red at 67; No. 2 red at 66; No. 2 red at 65; No. 2 red at 64; No. 2 red at 63; No. 2 red at 62; No. 2 red at 61; No. 2 red at 60; No. 2 red at 59; No. 2 red at 58; No. 2 red at 57; No. 2 red at 56; No. 2 red at 55; No. 2 red at 54; No. 2 red at 53; No. 2 red at 52; No. 2 red at 51; No. 2 red at 50; No. 2 red at 49; No. 2 red at 48; No. 2 red at 47; No. 2 red at 46; No. 2 red at 45; No. 2 red at 44; No. 2 red at 43; No. 2 red at 42; No. 2 red at 41; No. 2 red at 40; No. 2 red at 39; No. 2 red at 38; No. 2 red at 37; No. 2 red at 36; No. 2 red at 35; No. 2 red at 34; No. 2 red at 33; No. 2 red at 32; No. 2 red at 31; No. 2 red at 30; No. 2 red at 29; No. 2 red at 28; No. 2 red at 27; No. 2 red at 26; No. 2 red at 25; No. 2 red at 24; No. 2 red at 23; No. 2 red at 22; No. 2 red at 21; No. 2 red at 20; No. 2 red at 19; No. 2 red at 18; No. 2 red at 17; No. 2 red at 16; No. 2 red at 15; No. 2 red at 14; No. 2 red at 13; No. 2 red at 12; No. 2 red at 11; No. 2 red at 10; No. 2 red at 9; No. 2 red at 8; No. 2 red at 7; No. 2 red at 6; No. 2 red at 5; No. 2 red at 4; No. 2 red at 3; No. 2 red at 2; No. 2 red at 1; No. 2 red at 0; No. 2 red at -1; No. 2 red at -2; No. 2 red at -3; No. 2 red at -4; No. 2 red at -5; No. 2 red at -6; No. 2 red at -7; No. 2 red at -8; No. 2 red at -9; No. 2 red at -10; No. 2 red at -11; No. 2 red at -12; No. 2 red at -13; No. 2 red at -14; No. 2 red at -15; No. 2 red at -16; No. 2 red at -17; No. 2 red at -18; No. 2 red at -19; No. 2 red at -20; No. 2 red at -21; No. 2 red at -22; No. 2 red at -23; No. 2 red at -24; No. 2 red at -25; No. 2 red at -26; No. 2 red at -27; No. 2 red at -28; No. 2 red at -29; No. 2 red at -30; No. 2 red at -31; No. 2 red at -32; No. 2 red at -33; No. 2 red at -34; No. 2 red at -35; No. 2 red at -36; No. 2 red at -37; No. 2 red at -38; No. 2 red at -39; No. 2 red at -40; No. 2 red at -41; No. 2 red at -42; No. 2 red at -43; No. 2 red at -44; No. 2 red at -45; No. 2 red at -46; No. 2 red at -47; No. 2 red at -48; No. 2 red at -49; No. 2 red at -50; No. 2 red at -51; No. 2 red at -52; No. 2 red at -53; No. 2 red at -54; No. 2 red at -55; No. 2 red at -56; No. 2 red at -57; No. 2 red at -58; No. 2 red at -59; No. 2 red at -60; No. 2 red at -61; No. 2 red at -62; No. 2 red at -63; No. 2 red at -64; No. 2 red at -65; No. 2 red at -66; No. 2 red at -67; No. 2 red at -68; No. 2 red at -69; No. 2 red at -70; No. 2 red at -71; No. 2 red at -72; No. 2 red at -73; No. 2 red at -74; No. 2 red at -75; No. 2 red at -76; No. 2 red at -77; No. 2 red at -78; No. 2 red at -79; No. 2 red at -80; No. 2 red at -81; No. 2 red at -82; No. 2 red at -83; No. 2 red at -84; No. 2 red at -85; No. 2 red at -86; No. 2 red at -87; No. 2 red at -88; No. 2 red at -89; No. 2 red at -90; No. 2 red at -91; No. 2 red at -92; No. 2 red at -93; No. 2 red at -94; No. 2 red at -95; No. 2 red at -96; No. 2 red at -97; No. 2 red at -98; No. 2 red at -99; No. 2 red at -100; No. 2 red at -101; No. 2 red at -102; No. 2 red at -103; No. 2 red at -104; No. 2 red at -105; No. 2 red at -106; No. 2 red at -107; No. 2 red at -108; No. 2 red at -109; No. 2 red at -110; No. 2 red at -111; No. 2 red at -112; No. 2 red at -113; No. 2 red at -114; No. 2 red at -115; No. 2 red at -116; No. 2 red at -117; No. 2 red at -118; No. 2 red at -119; No. 2 red at -120; No. 2 red at -121; No. 2 red at -122; No. 2 red at -123; No. 2 red at -124; No. 2 red at -125; No. 2 red at -126; No. 2 red at -127; No. 2 red at -128; No. 2 red at -129; No. 2 red at -130; No. 2 red at -131; No. 2 red at -132; No. 2 red at -133; No. 2 red at -134; No. 2 red at -135; No. 2 red at -136; No. 2 red at -137; No. 2 red at -138; No. 2 red at -139; No. 2 red at -140; No. 2 red at -141; No. 2 red at -142; No. 2 red at -143; No. 2 red at -144; No. 2 red at -145; No. 2 red at -146; No. 2 red at -147; No. 2 red at -148; No. 2 red at -149; No. 2 red at -150; No. 2 red at -151; No. 2 red at -152; No. 2 red at -153; No. 2 red at -154; No. 2 red at -155; No. 2 red at -156; No. 2 red at -157; No. 2 red at -158; No. 2 red at -159; No. 2 red at -160; No. 2 red at -161; No. 2 red at -162; No. 2 red at -163; No. 2 red at -164; No. 2 red at -165; No. 2 red at -166; No. 2 red at -167; No. 2 red at -168; No. 2 red at -169; No. 2 red at -170; No. 2 red at -171; No. 2 red at -172; No. 2 red at -173; No. 2 red at -174; No. 2 red at -175; No. 2 red at -176; No. 2 red at -177; No. 2 red at -178; No. 2 red at -179; No. 2 red at -180; No. 2 red at -181; No. 2 red at -182; No. 2 red at -183; No. 2 red at -184; No. 2 red at -185; No. 2 red at -186; No. 2 red at -187; No. 2 red at -188; No. 2 red at -189; No. 2 red at -190; No. 2 red at -191; No. 2 red at -192; No. 2 red at -193; No. 2 red at -194; No. 2 red at -195; No. 2 red at -196; No. 2 red at -197; No. 2 red at -198; No. 2 red at -199; No. 2 red at -200; No. 2 red at -201; No. 2 red at -202; No. 2 red at -203; No. 2 red at -204; No. 2 red at -205; No. 2 red at -206; No. 2 red at -207; No. 2 red at -208; No. 2 red at -209; No. 2 red at -210; No. 2 red at -211; No. 2 red at -212; No. 2 red at -213; No. 2 red at -214; No. 2 red at -215; No. 2 red at -216; No. 2 red at -217; No. 2 red at -218; No. 2 red at -219; No. 2 red at -220; No. 2 red at -221; No. 2 red at -222; No. 2 red at -223; No. 2 red at -224; No. 2 red at -225; No. 2 red at -226; No. 2 red at -227; No. 2 red at -228; No. 2 red at -229; No. 2 red at -230; No. 2 red at -231; No. 2 red at -232; No. 2 red at -233; No. 2 red at -234; No. 2 red at -235; No. 2 red at -236; No. 2 red at -237; No. 2 red at -238; No. 2 red at -239; No. 2 red at -240; No. 2 red at -241; No. 2 red at -242; No. 2 red at -243; No. 2 red at -244; No. 2 red at -245; No. 2 red at -246; No. 2 red at -247; No. 2 red at -248; No. 2 red at -249; No. 2 red at -250; No. 2 red at -251; No. 2 red at -252; No. 2 red at -253; No. 2 red at -254; No. 2 red at -255; No. 2 red at -256; No. 2 red at -257; No. 2 red at -258; No. 2 red at -259; No. 2 red at -260; No. 2 red at -261; No. 2 red at -262; No. 2 red at -263; No. 2 red at -264; No. 2 red at -265; No. 2 red at -266; No. 2 red at -267; No. 2 red at -268; No. 2 red at -269; No. 2 red at -270; No. 2 red at -271; No. 2 red at -272; No. 2 red at -273; No. 2 red at -274; No. 2 red at -275; No. 2 red at -276; No. 2 red at -277; No. 2 red at -278; No. 2 red at -279; No. 2 red at -280; No. 2 red at -281; No. 2 red at -282; No. 2 red at -283; No. 2 red at -284; No. 2 red at -285; No. 2 red at -286; No. 2 red at -287; No. 2 red at -288; No. 2 red at -289; No. 2 red at -290; No. 2 red at -291; No. 2 red at -292; No. 2 red at -293; No. 2 red at -294; No. 2 red at -295; No. 2 red at -296; No. 2 red at -297; No. 2 red at -298